

METIS compression algorithms

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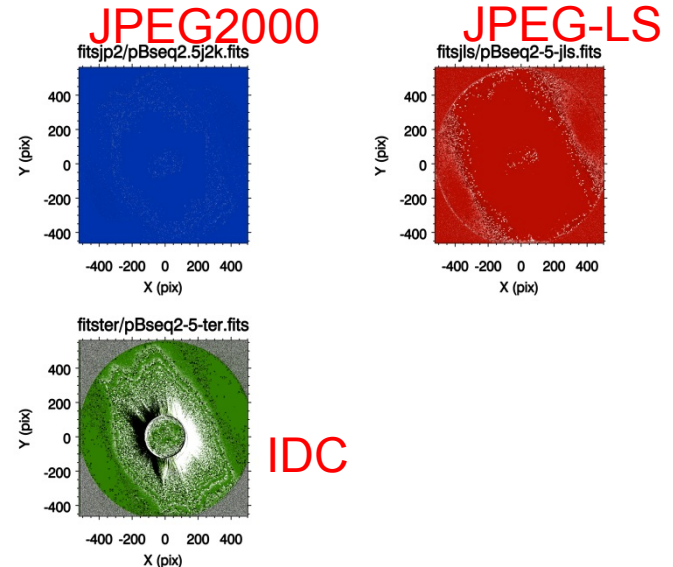
Preliminary work

- Main requirements

- Low complexity
- Ability to perform lossless + lossy compression (**up to 10x compression including binning**)
- In lossy mode, ability to vary the maximum error over different regions (lossless and lossy at the same time)

- Preliminary work

- Transforms vs. prediction
- Use of an existing standard
 - CCSDS 122 "Image data compression"
 - CCSDS 123 "Lossless Multispectral and Hyperspectral image compression"



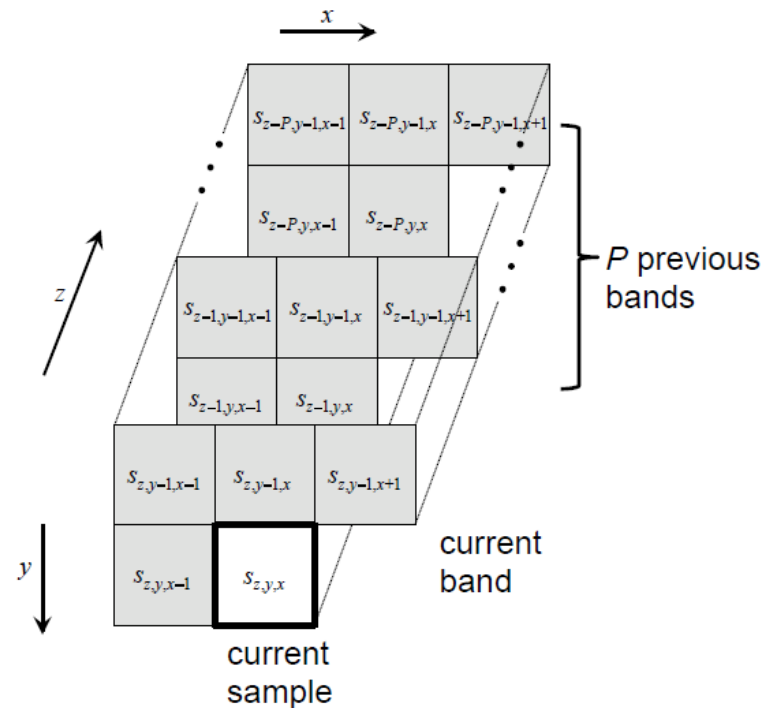
Algorithm design

- Predictive compression:

$$e[n] = x[n] - x_p[n]$$

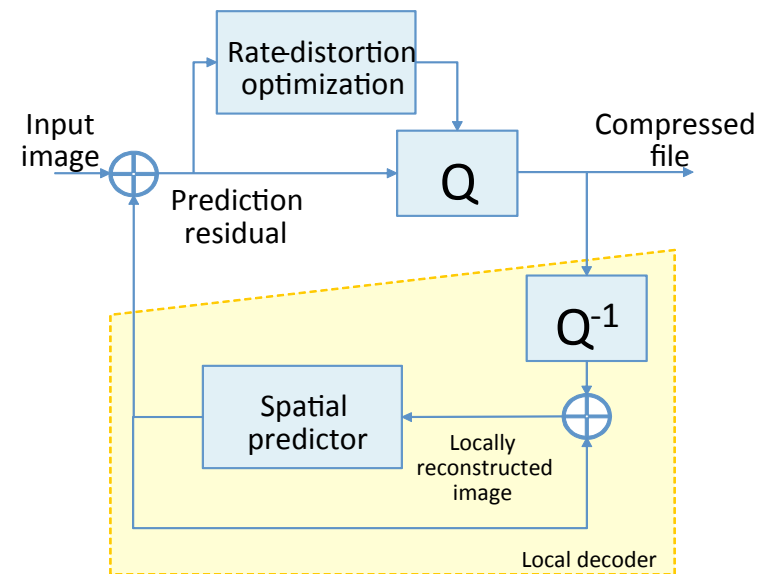
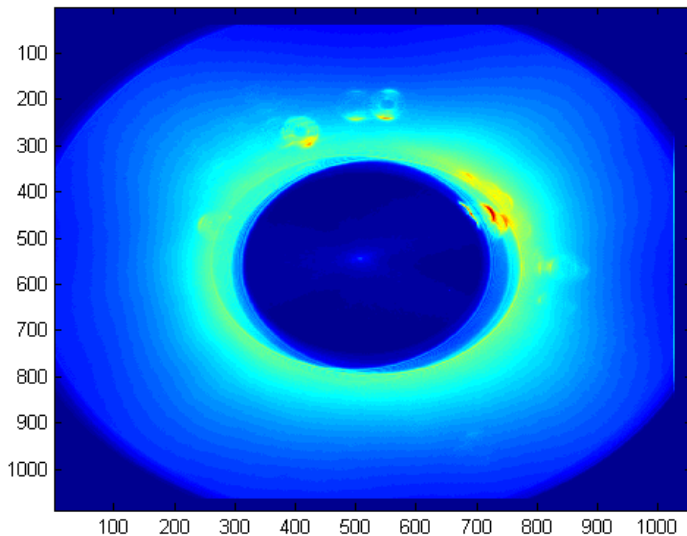
$$x[n] = e[n] + x_p[n]$$

CCSDS 123 multispectral image compression



Algorithm concept

- Design based on CCSDS 123, with extensions
 - Added a quantization stage to achieve lossy compression
 - Multispectral \rightarrow multitemporal
 - Binning + quantization: how to perform optimally?

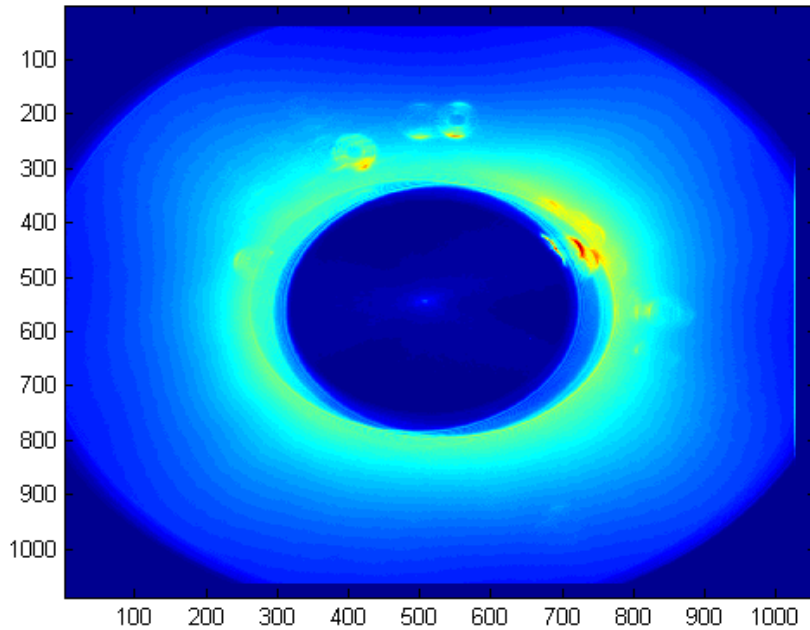


Test images

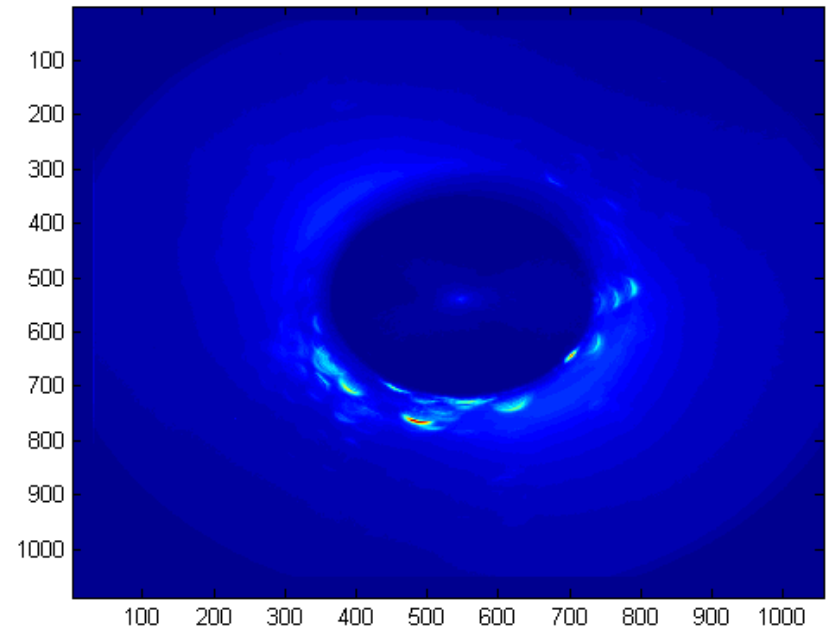
- **STEREO-COR1** (Solar TERrestrial RELations Observatory), is a solar observation mission launched in 2006.
 - Two nearly identical spacecrafts (A and B) enable stereoscopic imaging of the Sun and solar phenomena. **RAW** images available (visible).
 - STEREO-A : 9 sequences of 3 images with polarization angles 0° , 120° , 240° .
 - STEREO-B: 6 sequences of 3 images with polarization angles 0° , 120° , 240° .

Test images

Stereo A @ 0°

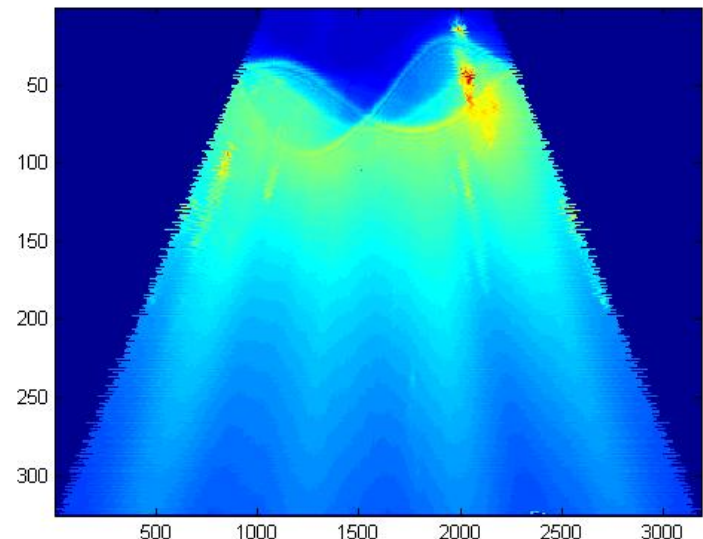
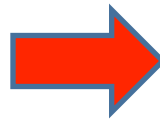
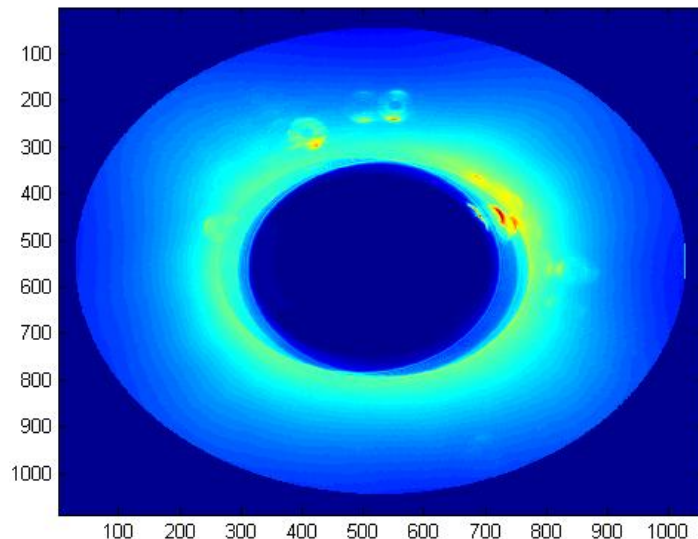


Stereo B @ 0°



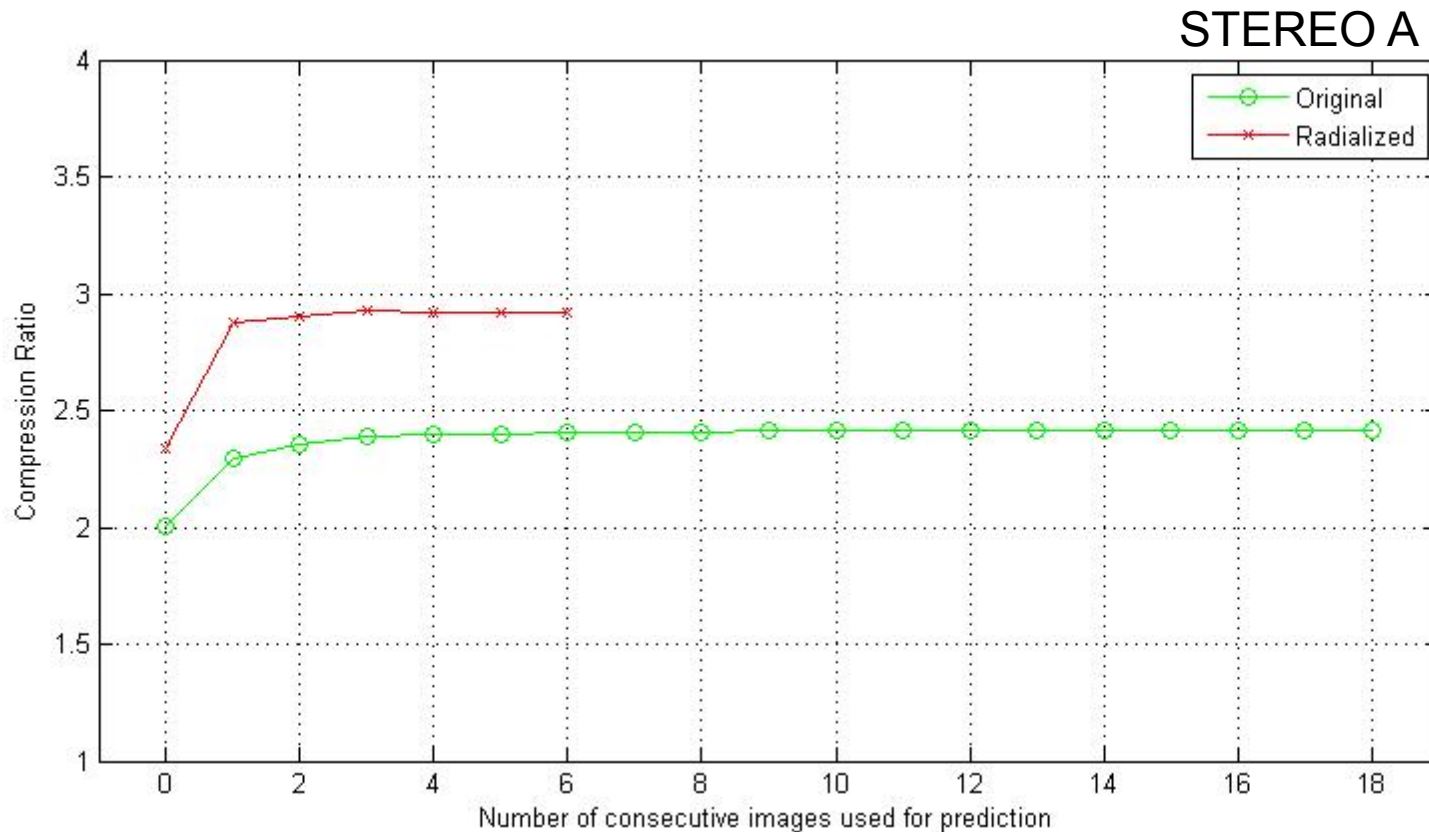
Radialization

- We propose to "radialize" the images, in order to make them amenable to "radial" quality allocation and "radial" binning
 - Simple precomputed permutation



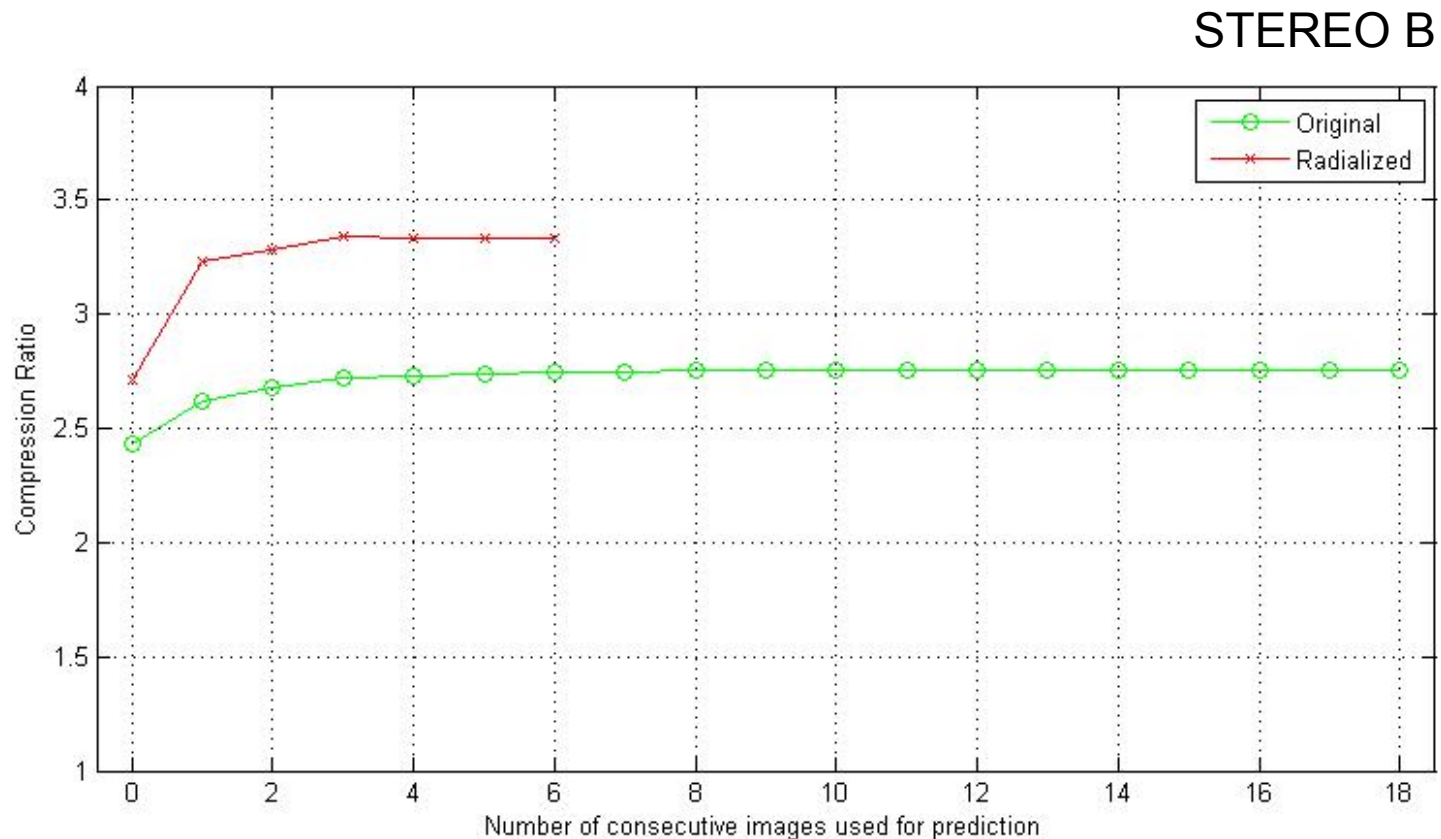
Compression results

- Lossless, no binning



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- Lossless, no binning



Conclusions

- Lossless compression (without binning) of a single radialized image can achieve CR about **2.5x**
- Multitemporal compression using 2-3 previous images will increase CR to **3x**
- 2x2 binning (sum of pixels) will likely increase CR to **12x**
- **Lossy** compression can be used to increase CR even more, or to avoid binning

Open issues

- Open issues:
 - Handling of **lateral regions** of radialized image
 - Issues with STEREO data (even-valued pixels)
 - Complexity (depending on software vs. hardware architecture)